

## STILL HAS FAITH IN "BETTY"

Plymouth Farmer Won't Believe He Has Been Victimized.

"I looked her squarely in the eyes, and there I saw the light of love shining."

"Me big darling," said I, "will you be my wife?"

"Sure," said she, "we'll get spliced in the morning."

"That was last night. I saw her but a few fleeting hours. I met her on Cadillac square, and I knew she loved me. But now she is gone, and so are my watch and \$10. Some one has abducted her."

Henry H. Kline of near Plymouth, Ind. poured his tale of love into the ears of the detectives this morning. He had met pretty Betty Brown and then lost his valuables.

"Well, it's this way," explained Captain McConnell. "She's helped herself to your watch and money."

"Now, look a-here," he almost shouted, "my Betty never stole them things. Some one stole them and her too."

"How do you know? You met her but once and that for a few hours. Now—"

"But, those eyes! I know she loved me, and I still love her. As she passed an electric light that night I caught a glimpse of her. I knew then that she was my affinity."

The captain tried to explain that Betty Brown is a person well known to the police, and that it was mercenary motives that led her to say she'd be his bride, but Kline, at the risk of a prolixity, shouted out denials. He is a farmer, and appears to be a man of means.—Detroit Tribune

## Commissioners Meet.

The county commissioners met in regular session Tuesday April 12th and Wednesday April 13th.

Christian Kreigher et al filed and presented a petition for a tiled ditch in Walnut Township. Noah Berkey and Levi Putbaugh were appointed viewers. They are to meet at the office of R. C. O'Brien at Argos, on Saturday April 22 and 23.

The Mullett road in German Township was ordered established.

Two bonds of equal amount to cover unpaid assessments on Dausman ditch amounting to \$1,569.49 was ordered issued. Bonds are to fall due in three or four years respectively, and one-third due each year thereafter, bearing interest at 6 per cent until paid. Similar bonds were issued to cover unpaid assessments on the Knepp ditch amounting to \$1,167.65.

The Heck ditch in Marshall and Fulton counties was ordered to be established.

The board accepted the reports of the various trustees, as overseers of the poor for the quarter ending Mar. 31, 1905.

Contracts for furnishing supplies to the County Asylum and Farm for the quarter ending June 30th, 1905 were awarded as follows:

Clothing, M. Lauer & Son, \$35.22. Hardware, Hess H. and G. \$44.40. Tobacco, Geo. Vinnall, \$23.08. Wood, Miles Varvactor, \$3 per cord, 70 cords. Boots and shoes, Ball & Co. \$24.50. Groceries, Geo. Vinnall, \$72.18. Oils, Hess G. H. \$47.50. Dry Goods, Ball & Co. \$24.50.

## Kankakee Muck Land.

Advices from Washington state, the department of agriculture is greatly interested in finding some way to reclaim the muck land of the Kankakee valley in Indiana and Illinois.

Milton Whitney, chief of the bureau of soils and an eminent scientist, has just returned from a visit at Lafayette, Ind., when he consulted Professor Goss, director of the agricultural station there, and at Champaign Ill., where he spent some time with Professor Hopkins, who has given much attention to the Kankakee muck land problem in Illinois.

"In my judgement," said Mr. Whitney, "the Indiana and Illinois agricultural stations have found the remedy for this waste land. Their experiments recently conducted have been very thorough and show that the land is lacking potash. The problem then is solved by supplying potash, which is done by treating the land with any of the potash fertilizers."

## Wins Lactate Medal.

The Lactate medal, the insignia of distinction which is annually conferred by Notre Dame university upon some lay member of the Catholic Church, will this year be awarded to Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, a wholesale dry goods merchant, of Boston, Mass.

## FEES IN THE CHASE CASE.

Frederick S. Chase Reports Amounts Agreed Upon, \$117,971.24.

LAFAYETTE, April 11.—Frederick S. Chase, guardian of his son, Moses Fowler Chase, who is in a sanitarium at Indianapolis, appeared in the circuit court today and presented a report showing that the attorneys' fees in the celebrated Chase case amounted to \$117,971.24. By agreement of the guardian and attorneys in the case, the amounts were fixed and presented to the court and were approved. Frederick Chase read his own statement before Judge DeHart, setting forth a list of the legal developments and the employment of counsel.

Mr. Chase showed that a total of \$7,043.75 had been paid by him to attorneys during the early stages of the legal fight, Couderc Brothers, of Paris and New York, getting over \$6,000 for their work in helping to find Moses Fowler Chase and to rescue him from Dr. Comar's madhouse in Paris. The attorneys' fees in the Moses Fowler case are said to be the largest ever paid in any one case in the state of Indiana, and surpass the fee paid to the late Benjamin Harrison in the Venezuela case.

The attorneys' fees involve fees for four cases in the one case. Addition C. Harris, of Indianapolis, gets \$38,000. The balance of the claims are as follows: Samuel P. Baile, of Lafayette, \$17,000; Hanly & Wood, \$10,000; Frazer & Isham, of Fowler, \$10,000; Harry R. Probasco, Cincinnati, \$5,746.50.

## Both Buyer And Seller Guilty Under New Law.

The present law against the corruption of the ballot is as well known provided punishment only for the vote seller and fixes his punishment at disfranchisement merely. The new law which goes into effect soon, provides punishment for both buyer and seller the penalty being the same in each case, a fine of \$50 and disfranchisement for a period of not less than ten years or more than twenty years. A very wise provision of the law and one which will make its enforcement possible exempts from punishment either the buyer or seller providing he testifies against the other. The law applies to quote its language, to "whoever directly or indirectly hires, buys or offers to buy or furnish any money or other means, knowing the same to be used permits his money or other means to be used, or handles money or other means, known the same to be used to induce, hire or buy any person to vote or refrain from voting any ticket for any candidate for any office to be voted for at any election held in this state; or whoever attempts by such means to induce any person to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate at any election or primary election."

## Tobacco Trust to Evade Law.

With the time fast slipping past until the Parks Anti-cigarette law will be in effect, it is rumored that the large wholesalers of cigarettes will attempt to make the application of the law ineffective by resort to the mails. At the post-offices through the state it is said that already numbers of parcels are being delivered, the contents which may be guessed because the parcels themselves bear the label of the United Cigar Stores company. The company not only has stores all over the country but maintains a mail order department at the headquarters in the Flatiron building, New York, which is said to supply millions of smokers by express or mail. Another method by which the American Tobacco Trust hopes to evade the law will be by the substitution of tobacco wrappers for the rice papers now used. This is said would place the coffin nails under the same class of cigars.—Valparaiso Vidette.

## Maxey—Jewell.

The marriage of Miss Bertha Maxey of this city to William Jewell occurred yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the bride's home on South Sixth Street. Rev. Keppel of the Reformed church officiating. The bride was dressed in white silk chiffon and the groom in the conventional black. The relatives of both the bride and the groom were present: Mr. Jewell's parents live in Edgerton Ohio, he coming here about two years ago. They will leave today morning for South Bend which place they will make their home. Mr. Jewell being employed there. Our best wishes go with them.

## POSTOFFICE ROBBER CAUGHT

Charles Groves, With Numerous Aliases Captured at Wabash for a Robbery in Ohio.

Charles Groves, alias Charles Miller plus other aliases, was arrested in Wabash Thursday night, charged with being implicated in a postoffice safe-blowing escape at Payne, Ohio, February 27, 1904. For the past two months Groves has been about the city having been employed at the Hoover machine shops. From remarks he had made during his sojourn in the city he has been under police surveillance at all times and Thursday when Postoffice Inspector Christian reached the city with the description of the man he wanted the police at once arrested Groves who is beyond a doubt the guilty party.

With two other men Groves blew the safe in the little town of Payne and secured \$300. Groves made his escape. His confederates were captured at the time and placed in jail later to be released upon furnishing bond. Shortly after Groves was arrested by the authorities at Van Wert Ohio, but while being taken to the county jail escaped from the officers.

At Van Wert he is known as a bad man and the police of that town have claimed that he would never be taken alive. He is thirty-two years old and single. A letter written to a relative of Groves at Payne betrayed him to government men who had been on the watch for him.

## Owens Washingtons Cup.

Mrs. Emanuel Price, a lady of Plymouth, Ind. who is interested in relics of various kinds, has in her collection some articles of much interest which ought to be in the possession of the Northwest Indiana Historical association of South Bend. Among her valued relics are five volumes of the Hartford, Conn. Mirror, printed by Charles Hosmer previous to 1800.

She has two books on architecture dated 1702 and printed by Abraham Swan, of London, England. These books are filled with the finest specimens of architecture of that early day. They are bound in leather and in size are 17 by 10 inches. She also has a piece of wood from the home of George Washington and a tea cup which was once his property.—South Bend Tribune.

## No Room Inside.

Another saloonkeeper in Chicago was rammed into cold storage by robbers at 6:15 Sunday morning. He had opened his place for business thirty minutes before the usual time and was caught before his early patrons had dropped in for their morning appetizers. After relieving him of \$738 in cash, a fine watch, chain and charm worth \$550; a diamond pin and solid gold match-box worth \$535, they shoved him in the icebox and locked him up. The practice of putting bartenders on ice has become so common in Chicago that some of the victims have been compelled, as a matter of self protection, to reduce the size of the refrigerator and hang a sign on its reading: "There is no room on the inside of this box for the bartender."—Lafayette Morning Journal.

## Body of Pocahontas May go to Jamestown.

After reposing for many decades in the soil of England the body of the Indian princess Pocahontas will be brought to this country and buried in Jamestown Island, the site of the first English settlement in America. This, according to General Fitzhugh Lee, President of the Jamestown Exposition company will be one of the most interesting events of the exposition to be held two years hence, to celebrate the landing at Jamestown. It is stated that Pocahontas, who married Roife, was buried at Gravesend and that her resting place has been kept in repair. Influential people in England are lending their aid to being about the removal.

## Subsidy Wine.

By the big majority of 362 votes the citizens of German township declared themselves in favor of the new traction line proposed from Logansport to South Bend. The election took place Saturday and was for a three-fourths per cent tax which amounts to about \$10,000. The vote by precinct was as follows:

Precinct	For	Against
1st.	98	48
2nd.	205	12
3rd.	111	33
4th.	108	67
Amounts	522	160
Majority 362.		

Miss Edna Bell went on a visit to Argos.

## OFFICERS CATCH GYPSIES.

South Bend Detectives are Aided by Rochester Police.

Rochester, Ind. April 8.—Local officers accompanied Detective J. J. Cutting and Policeman Sam Derrant, of South Bend, and a large number of local men rounded up a gypsy camp south of this place to-day, the members of which camp have several charges against them that were sufficiently strong enough to hold them here.

The gypsies came through here Thursday from the north and after spending several hours during which time the men traded horses and the women told fortunes, and one fled a prominent society girl out of \$2. They went south from here and this morning about 10 o'clock, when seven miles south, one of the men and two women stopped Walter Moxie, a farmer living south of here, and the man overpowering him, the women took his pocket-book containing something like \$10.

The South Bend officers accompanied by the Argos marshal, arrived here early this morning and the local officers and they started after the gang. The officers caught the gypsies about 13 miles south of here and returned them to this place where warrants, charging kidnapping, robbery and vagrancy were sworn out.

The South Bend officers claim that the gang kidnapped a baby at Lapaz, while coming through there Wednesday, however, at the present time no trace of the child can be found.

## NATURE OF INDICTMENT.

Filed Against Trio of Attorneys.

The formal charges in the disbarment proceedings against Attorneys Lemuel Darrow, Herman W. Worden and John W. Talbot have been filed in the circuit court here. The committee appointed by court to prepare the charges was composed of Frank E. Osborn, W. A. McVey and J. F. Gallagher. The articles, which present nothing new in the case, cover five different typewritten pages. The first is devoted to establishing proof that Messrs. Darrow and Worden were admitted to practice in the LaPorte county circuit court and J. W. Talbot in the St. Joseph circuit court.

The charges then go on to say that the said Lemuel Darrow, Herman W. Worden and John W. Talbot were, on or about the months of January and February, 1905, guilty of willful violation of their duties and the duty of each of them as attorneys at law, in that before the commission of the offense by said Darrow, said Worden and said Talbot and others, herein after alleged to have been committed by them, one Stella Lulla had been indicted by the LaPorte grand jury charging her with having stolen and received furs and other goods of one Herman Zeese; that Darrow and Worden were retained by Stella Lulla to defend her against the charges, and knew that one Rose Duck did not, as employee of the Fair store, of Chicago, or otherwise, sell to said Stella Lulla the goods charged to have been stolen by Stella Lulla and that Rose Duck was never in the employ of the Fair store.

The defendants, together with the said Rose Duck, and divers other persons unknown, being so disposed, and contriving and intending as much as in them lay to prevent the due course of law and justice, and not regarding their duty in that behalf, unlawfully and willfully did conspire and agree together to deceive and mislead the said LaPorte circuit court and the jury empaneled to try the case against Stella Lulla and falsely represent to the court that said Rose Duck did, as an employee of the Fair store, sell to said Stella Lulla the goods she was charged with stealing, resulting in her acquittal; that for her alleged perjury Rose Duck was punished or paid \$25.

"Wherefore, the undersigned pray the court that said Lemuel Darrow, Herman W. Worden and John W. Talbot be removed and disbarred from practicing as attorneys in any of the courts of this state."

A summons served on the attorneys makes it mandatory for them to appear Monday, April 17. It is believed the trial will take place at the May term of court, the defendants professing a willingness for immediate trial.

The away of attorneys secured by the defense is the most formidable in the history of this section, twenty-five tenders having been made. Worden was the only defender in court this morning when the indictment was submitted, Mayor Darrow being out of the city.

## BIG RACE TRACK AT CHESTERTON

Report That Condon and Others Will Spend Half Million Dollars.

The announcement was made last week that a syndicate, the personnel of which is believed to be Chicagoans, has purchased a large tract of land near Chesterton, on which will be constructed a race track representing an expenditure of \$500,000, with palatial club building. The movements preliminary to the purchase of the site were made with the utmost secrecy and did not become public until the Wabash Railroad company began the building of sidetracks for the unloading of construction material, contracts for which have been closed.

The statement is made that the game will be inaugurated as soon as the course is completed, the plan being to have practically continuous racing. It is said that a way to do this has been found without evading the Indiana statutes.

Chesterton is about fifteen miles southeast of Michigan City in Porter county. Things would be lively there if Chicago sports could get out there daily during the racing season, but we doubt very much if the report is true, as continuous racing has been an impossibility in Indiana since the crusade against the Lake county tracks a few years ago resulted in drastic state legislation against this form of sport.

## The President And The Senate

The senate has done some things recently to baffle the president, but if that body has read American history it knows that in a fight between the president and the senate the people are usually on the side of the president. This will be unquestionably true in the case of Theodore Roosevelt. When the senate passed the vote of censure on President Jackson that body supposed it had effaced the executive. Not only did the whigs vote for the censure, but the Calhoun element of the democrats, and others of their party whom Jackson had offended, sided with them. Yet the censure was expunged from the senate journal before the end of Jackson's service, and he became far stronger with the people than he ever was before. The senate, on account of its hostility to Jackson, refused to confirm the nomination of VanBuren, as minister to England, and the people retaliated by making VanBuren vice-president and president.

Tyler, one of the weakest of the presidents, was assailed by the senate on the question of Texas annexation, that body refusing in the spring of 1844, largely through personal hostility to him, to ratify his Texas treaty. The people made annexation the issue in the campaign which started a few weeks later. Polk was elected on that issue, and Tyler, just before the end of his term forced the Senate to go with the house and accept annexation. When the Senate defeated Grant's Santo Domingo annexation treaty, and when some of its republicans members, Sumner and Schurz among others, started the crusade against him which eventually sent them out of their party, it was the president and not the senators or their chamber that the people rallied to. In Cleveland's various conflicts with the senate the people generally, without distinction of party stood with the president.

Personally, Roosevelt is more popular than Jackson or Grant, and immeasurably more so than Tyler, Cleveland or any other president with whom the senate came into conflict. The president represents the nation as a whole, and is chosen by special representatives of the people who have no other function than to vote for president. The senate represents the states as states and is elected by members of the legislatures, which consider the election of senators only small incidents in their careers, and which have other and larger duties. The most unpopular and unprofitable task which the present senate could undertake would be to continue its conflict with President Roosevelt. That 2,500,000 in the popular vote last November, which would be 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 if the election were to take place now, shows how Theodore Roosevelt stands with the American people.

## Court Proceedings.

Mr. J. Bishop was granted a divorce from Grace Bishop.

Charles Moslander, through his attorney Samuel Parker has asked for a divorce from Mary J. Moslander.

Miss Anna Dunn, has gone for a visit of a few days with friends at Indianapolis.

## TAXES PAID IN PENNIES

Wabash County Man Gets Rid of Small Changes Wisely.

A Lagro township farmer is said to have paid a large share of his taxes in pennies last week and that he turned over 1,400 copper pieces to the county treasurer. The gentlemen is said to be the superintendent of a Sunday school and has had charge of the collections. He stated that he was unable to turn off the pennies to anybody else, and the county treasurer being the public servant he could not refuse them. It is not necessarily against the farmer in any way that he paid his taxes in the small coin of the realm, but it shows that pennies are hard to get rid of in quantities, although often sought after in small numbers.

## Polk Township Commencement.

The Polk Township commencement exercises were held in the M. E. church at Tyner, Saturday evening April 8th. A nicely decorated stage had been erected upon which were seated the graduates, school officials and the Plymouth orchestra which furnished the music for the occasion.

The graduation exercises were entirely done by the graduates themselves, which is a commendable feature in any commencement. The program consisted of declamations, essays, and select readings. There were eleven high school graduates and thirty grade graduates. This included both last year and this year pupils as there was no commencement held in Polk township last year. County Superintendent Marks after presenting the diplomas to the class addressed them with an interesting talk. Miss Ella Nyegave the valedictory, her subject being "The meaning of graduation." At the close of the exercise remarks were made by Myron Chase, Henry Jerrell, B. W. Ross and Trustees Schroeder.

## NEW CANAL COMMISSION

The personnel of the new Isthmian canal commission is as follows. Theo P. Shonts, chairman; Charles E. Magoon, governor canal zone; John E. Wallace, chief engineer; Rear Admiral M. T. Endicott, Brigadier-General Peter C. Haines, Colonel Oswald, M. Ernest and Benj. H. Harrod, engineers. The president made an order allowing a salary of \$7,500 with traveling expenses to each member of the commission and to the chairman of the commission of \$22,500, to the chief engineer additional compensation of \$17,500 and to the governor of the zone an additional compensation of \$10,000. The total is \$102,500. Salaries and commission under the former canal commission amounted to \$120,000.

## Council Proceedings.

The city council met Monday evening in regular session.

The petitions of Elias Weaver and Balsar Sheetz to remove buildings were granted.

A petition of Nancy McKinney to remove a tree in Oak Hill cemetery was granted.

A petition of H. P. Preston for a water motor was referred to the committee on water works.

Reports of the civil engineer and street commissioner were submitted.

The committee on streets and alleys asked further time to report on the proposed pavement.

The city treasurer reported the following balances:

General Fund, Bal. on hand \$1,331.69  
Water Works Fund, Total amt. overdrawn \$306.40  
School building fund amt. on hand \$57.11  
Improvement fund amt. on hand \$1841.33.

## Court Proceedings.

Lillian B. Edelman was granted a divorce from John Edelman.

As no case was before the court for this afternoon Judge Bernatke went to his home at Rochester. He will return tomorrow morning.

The Union National Savings and Loan Association have filed a suit to fore-close mortgage amounting to \$2,000 against John S. Bentler, Rachael H. Bender, Phebe Clark and Catherine Corbin. The attorney for the plaintiff is Robert N. McBride of Indianapolis.

Rev. T. C. Ringgenberg and wife of Scott, Ohio, are visiting the family of their brother-in-law, Rev. H. A. Spittler, in this city. They have been attending the Evangelical conference which closed at Rochester, Ind. Monday.

Miss Louisa Cox is visiting at Indianapolis.

## BOGUS THINGS TO EAT.

Forty-Seven Per Cent. of Food Not What It Seems.

The state board of health has issued a startling report on food adulteration in Indiana as the result of the examination of food sold to the public in nineteen cities of the state. The examination was ordered several months ago by the state board of health and T. W. Smith, of Indianapolis, and Louis Bristol were employed as chemist and deputy food inspector, respectively. Of the 191 samples examined, ninety, or 47 per cent were adulterated. The report says that this is a considerable loss to the people and ten times what it would cost to fight food adulteration.

## TAX-PAYERS ENTER A PROTEST

County Council at Goshen Gets Its Bumps From Citizens.

Goshen, Ind., April 9.—The county council is being condemned on all sides by tax-payers, who speak of the court house "improvements" as an outrage. Last September the council made an appropriation of \$50,000 to place the old court house in better condition. At this time there was a mild protest and a strenuous objection from Elkhart and the northwest part of the county. Now it develops that Patton & Miller, the architects, claim that their contract calls for minor work on the building only, and it develops that another appropriation will be necessary and that the building, when completed, will cost something like \$150,000. The tower is being removed from the old building, the clock having been taken out last week despite the entreaties of hundreds of citizens to have it remain.

## The New Fish Law.

The new fish law enacted by the last General Assembly and which became operative Thursday is a radical departure, in many respects from the old laws. By its provisions fishing in any manner whatever in the lakes of the state is prohibited from the 20th of March of any year to the 15th of May. Following is the full text of the law:

Sec. 615. Whoever shall take, catch or kill, or attempt to take, catch or kill any fish in any of the inland lakes of this state, except private ponds, by any means or with any device whatever, from the 20th day of March of any year, to the 15th day of May of the same year; or whoever shall sell or offer for sale, any pike, pickerel, wall-eyed pike, perch, blue gills, black bass, green bass, rock bass or other species of bass, caught in any of the waters of this state, at any time, shall, on conviction, be fined five dollars for each fish caught, sold or offered for sale, and not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty five dollars for each attempt to catch fish in violation of any of the provisions of this section: Provided, That none of the provisions of this section shall operate to prevent any person from taking fish with a hook and line in any of the streams or ponds of this state, at any time of the year.

## Shiloh Anniversary.

J. J. Windigler and some of his old comrades held a reunion last evening, at the former's home. It was the anniversary of the battle of Shiloh.

Those present were Rev. I. S. Cleaver, wife and daughter, Comrade Sylvester Lovell wife and daughter, Simon Wilson, Levi Artz, wife daughter and granddaughter, Mrs. David Redding and son, R. F. Cunningham and family, and Mrs. James Green.

## She Wanted Sandwiches.

An old lady from Beaver county took her first railroad trip last week says the Kansas City Journal. She noticed the bell cord overhead, and, turning to a boy, she said: "Sonny what's that for?" "That, marm," he said, with a mischievous twinkle in his eye, "is to ring the bell when you want something to eat." Shortly the old lady reached her umbrella up to the cord and gave it a vigorous pull. The whistle sounded, the brakes were pulled on, the train began to slacken its windows were thrown up, question asked, and confusion reigned among the passengers. The old lady sat calmly through it all, little dreaming that she was the cause of the excitement. Presently the conductor came running through the train and asked: "Who pulled the bell?" "I did," replied the old lady, meekly, "Well, what do you want?" asked the conductor, impatiently, "You may bring me some sandwiches and a cup of tea, if you will."